#### ARGENTINA

Argentina is not currently open to tourists and its borders are closed to non-resident foreign nationals. There are exceptions, such as non-resident essential workers or family members of Argentine nationals, residents or athletes.

Anyone entering Argentina on the abovesaid criteria must provide negative COVID tests and complete an electronic 'sworn statement' form, within 72 hours of travel. The latter applies even if you are in transit to another country.

# Quarantine Period:

Anyone entering Argentina will be required to undertake 7-day self-isolation at the place they are staying, subject to PCR testing. There will be another test on the 7th day at your expense before you are allowed to leave. If you provide a positive test result at the end of the 7 days, you will be required to enter managed isolation. The costs of the stay in the isolation places and the cost of the tests must be paid by the passengers.

#### Face Masks:

If you are out in public anywhere in Argentina, you will be required to wear a face covering.

### COVID-19 Tests Required:

A negative COVID-19 PCR test is required for all adults and children over six no more than 72 hours before travelling.

### Exemptions to the guarentine:

- -Crew members
- -If you are transiting Argentina through an international airport (less than 24 hours) -Those who have confirmed and recovered from COVID-19 (by lab test) within the last 90 days of your trip. You will need to show evidence of an official diagnosis and a medical certificate (issued at least 10 days after the positive test) to confirm that you have fully recovered.

### Costs of Travel:

Any non-resident foreign nationals who are permitted to enter Argentina must have comprehensive medical insurance. This must cover coronavirus, including the costs of self-isolation (either in your own accommodation or at a managed facility) and the costs of hospitalisation.

# Internal Travel Restrictions in Argentina:

If social distancing rules are observed, free movement is allowed within each jurisdiction. However, public transport in some cities is still only available for use by essential workers and those travelling to seek medical treatment.

If you are moving between jurisdictions, you must adhere to any local COVID-19 restrictions. These could include (but are not limited to) taking PCR tests and applying for a "Certificado Único de Circulación" which allows you to circulate.

If you are travelling to Buenos Aires, you must take a COVID-19 test within 72 hours of your arrival. Children under 6 are exempted but everyone else will need to book a test online.

# Curfews:

In areas that have been deemed as high risk, there is a night-time curfew in place. This runs from midnight to 6am.

# Public places:

The whole of territory of Argentina is in a compulsory social distancing phase.

When it is established that there has been an infringement of the "social, preventive and compulsory isolation" or other rules laid down for the protection of public health, appropriate criminal complaints shall be made by the authorities, in accordance with the provisions of the Criminal Code, which establishes imprisonment from six (6) months to two (2) years, to the violation of the measures taken to prevent the introduction or spread of an epidemic and with imprisonment from FIFTEEN (15) days to ONE (1) year, to resistance or disobedience to orders emanating from public officials.